

The Hartford Republican

Fine Job Work.

VOL. XXIX.

SENATE MEMBERS ASSAIL WILSON

PRESIDENT FAILED TO TAKE THEM INTO HIS CONFIDENCE.

FIVE HOURS DEBATE

Restore Embargo Clause in Bill at His Request Notwithstanding Snub.

Washington, May 7.—Unqualified authority for proclamation of export embargoes by the President was restored to the Administration Espionage Bill by the Senate to-day after Democratic Leader Martin explained behind closed doors that President Wilson feared he would be unable to accomplish the ends desired under the sections as it had been modified.

The provision as it now stands would empower the President during the war, when "the public safety shall require," to proclaim it unlawful to export articles to "any country named." Last week the Senate voted to authorize embargoes only against countries through which goods were found to be reaching the enemy.

To-day's action was preceded by a five-hour debate in executive session, during which for the first time since the United States went to war with Germany there was vigorous and long-continued criticism of President Wilson. Republicans led the attacks, which were not directed at the President's conduct of the war, but at his failure to consult with members of Congress about the legislation passed to enable him successfully to carry it out.

Germany Getting Food.

Senator Martin stated when the doors were closed the President would be embarrassed by the amendment put in last week and that the Senate should now reverse itself. He said the Government had reason to believe that American exports were getting to Germany through Holland and Switzerland. Senator Walsh said that one instance showing the need of a stronger provision was found in the fact that Spain now is limiting exports of certain articles needed by England which she formerly allowed to go in larger quantities. With a strict embargo law in the United States, he suggested, the Administration might help an ally by restricting exports to Spain.

Senators Lodge, Knox and Fall called attention to the fact that the Senate had no advance information on reasons for enactment of a strict embargo section.

They declared nobody had any idea that the war was a partisan affair, but that the President had not counseled any Republican Senator nor had he told any Administration leader until the Senate modified the provision, his reason for desiring it passed in stronger terms. It would help, the Republican Senators said, if the President would take one or more Democratic leaders into his confidence on important legislation that they might transmit it to their colleagues.

Senator Williams, a Democratic member of the Foreign Relations Committee, replied that the President had tried taking Senators into his confidence early in his Administration on the Mexican situation and later on the shipping act, but had found the whole subject of his conferences thoroughly revealed in the newspapers shortly afterward.

Not Invited To White House.

Attention also was called during the discussion to the fact that no member of the House or Senate was invited to the White House functions in honor of the British and French missions. Other Senators in a critical mood spoke of the fact that the President had not called into conference on army questions Senator Chamberlain, chairman of the Senate Military Committee, and had not thanked Representative Kahn, the Republican member of the House Committee who helped the Administration put through the War Army Bill.

In the open Senate after the new embargo section had been adopted without a dissenting vote, Senator Townsend, Republican, declared he

DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF ALL THE PEOPLE OF OHIO COUNTY

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HARTFORD, OHIO COUNTY, KY., FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1917.

understood the purposes of the legislation was to coerce neutral nations into the war on the side of the United States. If this were true he said, this nation has abandoned "the high ideals we have set as a reason for entering this war."

Senator La Follette proposed to modify the section to forbid an embargo where exports are intended for consumption by a neutral country and any coercion of such neutrals. It was not discussed before the Senate adjourned until to-morrow.

COMMANDANT'S AID AT PEARL HARBOR SEIZED

Honolulu, May 8.—George Roenitz, former chief clerk to Capt. George R. Clark, commandant of the Pearl Harbor naval station, was arrested here to-day on an espionage charge. He is charged with having in his possession maps, photographs and descriptions of the Pearl Harbor base, and is held under \$25,000 bail.

METHODIST CONFERENCE TO BE AT HOPKINSVILLE

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 9.—The Methodist Conference of the Louisville district will be held in Hopkinsville the week of September 26 instead of at Princeton, as first announced. This was agreed upon to-day by the official boards of the Princeton and Hopkinsville church and will doubtless be ratified by Bishop W. B. Murray, of Memphis. The change was made in order that Princeton may entertain the conference during the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of the Methodist Episcopal church of that place in 1918.

CHANCELLOR BLAMED FOR MARNE DEFEAT

PAN-GERMANS SAY HIS HESITATION CAUSED VON KLUCK TO LOSE BATTLE

Copenhagen, May 8 (via London).—The Conservatives and Pan-Germans have now brought up their heavy artillery in the battle against Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and boldly lay the blame for the long duration of the war at his door. The Conservative *Deutsch Tages Zeitung* explains that three or four days' delay in German mobilization at the outset of the war, due to the Chancellor's hesitant policy, caused the loss of the battle of the Marne.

The paper holds that the troops that were detached to stem the Russian invasion of East Prussia would have been sufficient to change the defeat of Gen. von Kluck's army into a victory and that in that case the war would have ended in a speedy and decisive German triumph. The

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REGISTRATION PLAN OUTLINED

CIVILIAN OFFICERS TO HAVE
FULL CHARGE OF THE
LOCAL WORK.

FIVE DAYS FOR WORK

Regular Voting Places to Be Used
For Registering Eligibles.

Washington, May 5.—An official outline of the method by which military registration is to be carried out under the Selective Conscription Bill was made public to-day, with an appeal from the War Department for the voluntary services of State election and other officials in order that there will be no delay in enrolling and classifying millions of men for army duty. Careful preparation has been made to place the whole task in the hands of civilian officials of the States and to remove every suggestion of military force in putting the measures into effect. The only function of the Federal Government will be supervision through the office of the Provost Marshal General. The department's statement follows:

The approval of the new National Army Bill and the President's proclamation thereunder will be coincident. All persons will be required to present themselves for registration at the customary voting places in the voting precincts in which they have their permanent homes on a day which the President will announce. The probability is that from ten to fifteen days will elapse between approval of the bill and registration day.

The Governor of each State will be the chief of registration therein. The machinery of registration in each county is to be in charge of the Sheriff, the County Clerk and the county physician, acting ex officio, unless a different board shall be announced by the Governor. In cities containing population of more than 30,000 the registration will be under the control of the Mayor and selected boards of registration. In order that the designated county and city officials and the people generally can get a clear understanding of the census methods the following brief outline is given:

The Sheriffs or other designated officials, immediately upon receiving notice from the Governor, shall appoint registrars for each precinct.

The proportion of registrars shall be one for each 174 persons to be registered. Each age to be registered will comprise about 1 per cent of the population.

For instance, all men between 18 and 45 years of age, inclusive, are to be registered; the registrar would have to enroll about 7 per cent of the precinct population.

It is desirable to accept the services of competent volunteer registrars to serve without compensation. All registrars must be sworn.

The voting place in each precinct must be prepared for registration. Full printed instructions covering every detail of registration will be in the hands of Sheriffs and Mayors on the fifth day after the President's proclamation.

The Mayor of a city containing more than 30,000 inhabitants, or the officials designated by the Governor therein, shall, with approval of the Governor, appoint for each ward or convenient minor subdivision, containing about 30,000 people one registration board and shall designate one officer of each board to perform duties similar to those imposed on the Sheriff, as heretofore outlined. If the Mayor desires, he may appoint a central board to coordinate the work of minor boards.

On the fifth day after the President has issued his proclamation, clerks of counties and cities of over 30,000 must secure a supply of blanks and copies of the registration from the Sheriff or from the Mayor. Absentees and the sick will apply to such clerks to have their registration cards filled out. In no case shall such persons be given registration certificates. They are to be instructed by the clerk that the burden is on them to say to it that the cards reach the registrars of their home precincts by registration day.

Persons absent from their home counties may be registered by mail. In such case, a man should go to the Clerk of the county where he may be staying on the sixth day after the date of the President's proclamation. If he is in a city of over 30,000 population the City Clerk is the official to whom to apply. The absentee will be told how to register, but he must

mail his card in time to reach his precinct by registration day.

Persons too sick to present themselves for registration must send a competent person to the County or City Clerk on the sixth day the date of the proclamation. The Clerk will give instructions for registration.

Officials of educational, charitable and other institutions should apply for instructions to the County or City Clerk on the sixth day after the date of the proclamation for instructions as to a convenient method of registration.

The wardens of jails, penitentiaries and reformatories should apply to the County or City Clerk for instructions on the sixth day.

Five days after the date of the President's proclamation complete regulations will be in the hands of all Sheriffs and of the officials of cities of over 30,000 population.

The President is authorized to call upon all public officers to assist in the execution of the law. The plan is, however, to rely on the people for the proper execution of the law. It is expected that patriotic citizens will offer their services free as registrars. Such services will be gratefully acknowledged. Volunteers for this service should communicate immediately with the proper official.

"Chamberlain's Tablets Have Done Wonders for Me."

"I have been a sufferer from stomach trouble for a number of years, and although I have used a great number of remedies recommended for this complaint, Chamberlain's Tablets is the first medicine that has given me positive and lasting relief," writes Mrs. Anna Kadin, Spencerport, N. Y. "Chamberlain's Tablets have done wonders for me and I value them highly." Obtainable everywhere.

Do Masons Play Politics?

We were rather astounded the other day to learn that a certain political boss whose religious affiliations stand him in good stead when a hot fight is on, had forecasted the candidacy two years hence of a certain Grand Master of Masons for Congress.

When asked upon what he based his prediction, he referred to the candidate's well-known receptivity in connection with a purely Masonic celebration of State-wide scope to be held in a small town near his home, where the celebration was commanded by him to be staged at the expense of his Grand Lodge.

From the political gentleman's training he could draw no other conclusion. It was impossible for him to conceive of any considerable body of men being called together from every county in the State, without political significance.

Strange to say, we have heard several Freemasons of that same jurisdiction voice the same opinion. We certainly do get suspicious of anybody's motives save our own, don't we?—Light.

A Symbol of Health.

The Pythagoreans of Ancient Greece ate simple food, practiced temperance and purity. As a badge they used the five pointed star which they regarded as a symbol of health. A red five pointed star appears on each package of Chamberlain's Tablets and still fulfills its ancient mission as a symbol of health. If you are troubled with indigestion, bloatiness or constipation, get a package of these tablets from your druggist. You will be surprised at the quick relief which they afford. Obtainable everywhere.

Whooping Cough.

One of the most successful preparations in use for this disease is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

S. W. McClinton, Blandon Springs, Ala., writes, "Our baby had whooping cough as bad as most any baby could have it. I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and it soon got him well." Obtainable everywhere.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C.—Since the great war began, it has been ap-

RAILROAD EXPERTS GOING TO RUSSIA

WILL HELP REORGANIZE SYSTEMS—FRANCE ALSO TO BE GIVEN AMERICAN AID.

Washington, May 4.—The Government will send to Russia soon a commission of four railroad experts to help reorganize Russian transportation systems. The members are: John F. Stevens, of New York, former chief engineer of the Panama canal commission; John C. Greiner, of Baltimore, a consulting engineer; Henry Miller, former president of the Wabash, and some official of the Burlington road. This body will be in addition to the political commission, headed by Elihu Root, to be sent to Russia.

Immediate assistance to Russia and France in strengthening their railroad systems is planned by the American Government. The plans for aiding France in solving her railroad problems, which have been drawn up in detail by the Council of National Defense, will be made public within a few days. The question was discussed here by a group of railroad heads in conference with members of the defense council.

President Wilson had planned to make Mr. Stevens a member of the political and economic commission headed by Elihu Root which is to leave for Russia soon, but at the request of the council he was released for service on the special railroad mission.

The plans of the Defense Council call for sending the entire American surplus of rolling stock and expert employees abroad. The commission to Russia will give expert advice there and will seek to do everything possible to co-ordinate that nation's transportation system for the movement of supplies and troops.

Word reached here today that in

order to relieve economic conditions

in Petrograd and at the same time

lessen the strain on transportation

facilities, the Russian Provisional

Government is transferring to South

Russia the great munitions and sup-

ply plants in and near the capital.

Coal and other materials used in

these establishments were imported

from England until the submarine

menace curtailed imports. Recently

the limited railroad facilities have

been overtaxed in bringing these ne-

cessities from the fields far to the

south or from Archangel in the north.

The plants are expected to be es-

tablished at Taganrog and Berblansk

in the neighborhood of the Caucasus,

where there is plenty of coal, ore and

food. The movement there of thou-

sands of workers also will remove

from the capital an element which

has endangered the stability of the

Government. The newly established

plants will be equipped with the most

modern devices, involving heavy pur-

chases of machine tools and supplies

in America.

Clear Your Skin in Spring.

Spring house cleaning means

cleaning inside and outside. Dull

pimples skin is an aftermath of winter

inactivity. Flush your intestines

with a mild laxative and clean out

the accumulated wastes, easy to take,

they do not gripe. Dr. King's New

Life Pills will clear your complexion

and brighten your eye. Try Dr.

King's New Life Pills to-night and

throw off the sluggish winter shell.

At druggists, 25c.

Washington Letter.

Washington, D. C.—Since the

great war began, it has been ap-

parent that the German people have

been suffering under a tremendous

handicap—a handicap more far-

reaching in its consequences than

the military unpreparedness of Bri-

tain at the beginning of the war, or

the disorganized state of public opin-

ion in our own country today. That

handicap is the total inability of the

German, individually and collective-

ly, to understand the Anglo-Saxon

mind and temperament.

Germany did not dream that Eng-

land would enter the war in 1914,

nor did she see in rich and unmil-

itary America a nation which would

take up arms in defense of its honor.

Although President Wilson has out-

lined America's unselfish and human-

itarian reasons for going to war in

terms which are plainly understood

by all the world outside of the Cen-

tral Powers, the German press con-

tinues to "strafe" the "money-mad"

and "dollar-grabbing" Americans.

Nor is this sentiment to be confound-

ed with the deliberate misrepresen-

tations which are fed to the German

public by means of inspired news-

paper articles emanating from their

war office. All the evidence to date

tends to show that the "mercenary

American" idea is implicitly believed

by all Germans, high and low.

During our recent Mexican inci-

dent a business man of Phoenix,

Arizona, while in Washington on

business, said:

"Well! Why, he's a bad boy,

kick his Uncle Sammie's shins.

Uncle Sam just hasn't time to chas-

ise him, that's all. But if he really does get bad the people of the Southwest will form a big posse, and go down and get him."

Compare this statement with a typical German view of the situation, contained in a letter written by a German agent in California to his relatives in Germany, and intercepted by the British board of censors:

"The Americans have just received a good licking from Villa, the bandit leader. Consequently, they will soon have to give up sending munitions to England on account of their own requirements. Villa is making a fine stand and is receiving strong financial support from the Germans, as there is a bitter feeling all over the United States against the Government, to which the thirty-two million Germans who live here contribute not a little. This bitter feeling, for which that helpless fool Wilson is responsible, is due to the fact that a neutral country like America should, for the sake of a few dirty dollars, enter such a lowdown business with England."

That any one in this country, even though he be of foreign birth, could so misunderstand American sentiment, is almost inconceivable. In all fairness to the Germans, however, it is obviously a difficult task accurately to foretell the course which will be pursued by a nation which refuses to return a prominent citizen to the White House, chafis him unmercifully from the footlights and the printed page regarding a certain "River of Doubt," and then turns and rallies behind him, one hundred and twenty thousand strong, on his first call for volunteers.

On the great western battle front in France, England's "contemptible little army" has set its face toward Berlin, and the German legions seem to be having some little trouble in checking it. America's Congress, representing the "dastardly Yankee" nation, has just gone on record as overwhelmingly in favor of the selective draft system of building up an army.

When will Germany learn that it doesn't pay to taunt Anglo-Saxon nations?

A French warship recently paid a visit to an Atlantic port near Washington, and several parties of French jackies picturesque in their uniforms and red-tasseled caps visited the capital for a short "look around." Although there was no advance notice of their coming, some Washingtonians placed pleasure ears at their service, and still others "treated" them when they chance to meet a party of the French lads. A little incident on Fifteenth Street brought smiles to the faces of some bystanders. A party of attractive girls from a nearby office building, luncheonward bent came face to face with a squad of the French sailors. The smallest maiden of the lot, blushing but brave, piped "Vive la France!" in her best high-school French. One of the jackies, a youth with a full black beard, sprang to attention; then, removing his cap and with a bow which swept the ground, he replied, "Vive l'Amérique!"

Thus was Washington's atmosphere of official formality and dignity ruptured—within the very shadow of the Treasury at that—and Washington's own cordial spirit peered out for a moment, with a smile for our Allies.

In Memory.

PLAN TO CRUSH U-BOATS DEVISED

EDISON SAID TO BE LABORING
18 HOURS EACH DAY TO
PERFECT SCHEME.

WAR TO BE OFFENSIVE

Naval Advisory Board Says Kiel
Canal To Be Attacked By
New Invention.

New York, May 5.—A plan to stop the ravages of German submarines on maritime commerce has been submitted by the Naval Advisory Board. This was announced today by W. L. Saunders, chairman of the board. He said the plan was a solution of the U-boat problem. He said that it had been proven by actual tests along the Atlantic Coast.

The scheme is not merely a defensive measure against the submarine, Mr. Saunders said. It called for offensive operations on an extensive scale.

Thomas Edison, who is president of the board, did not originate the scheme, Mr. Saunders said, but the inventive wizard, he said, had been working tirelessly to perfect its many phases. Since the declaration of war against Germany, Mr. Edison and his assistants have been trying thousands of schemes suggested to block Germany's undersea warfare, now admitted the greatest menace to the European Allies and their new American partner, the United States.

Behind the program submitted to the Navy Department is all of Edison's practicability and all of Edison's faith in accomplishing the seemingly impossible. Announcement of the scheme by the chairman of the board dispelled doubts that it might be merely another academic idea devoid of practical use. And that the board made experiments before making their final public, left little doubt in the minds of naval officials that at least the war's greatest problem had been unraveled.

AMERICAN BRAINS WIN.

If the plan works, as few doubt, American brains will have done what European bullets have failed to do in four years of warfare.

No announcement was made of the details of the scheme. Mr. Saunders explained that announcement of it had been made at this time to allay the fears of Americans, aroused by recent expressions by American and British officials that the U-boat was beginning to crush traffic between the United States and Europe.

Mr. Saunders took pains today to dispel any suggestion that he was theoretical in his findings.

"I am not a believer in theory," he said. "I believe in practical work. The Germans have been doing all the offensive work so far while the Allies have been on the defensive.

"The new plan contemplates offensive operations on an extensive scale. The result will be to narrow the end of operations of the submarine.

"Mr. Edison is not directly responsible for the new device, but he is responsible for certain important phases of the plan. Mr. Edison has been giving all of his time to laboratory work for some weeks.

"The Naval Consulting Board has been considering inventions at the rate of thirty-five a day for the past three or four months. Each of these suggestions, or inventions, has been considered and tried out by a special committee of the board. Out of the vast number, a few suggestions have been obtained, which are to be used in the proposed plan."

He said the new device would be effective on land as well as on the seas.

"One part of the scheme involves destruction of submarines; the other involves destruction on land," he explained. "It may be permissible to say the new plan will utilize the present methods of combating submarines, namely the use of destroyers, submarine chasers, aeroplanes, observation towers and other devices."

Mr. Saunders would not venture to say how soon the scheme would be tried in actual warfare. He said it could be applied "within a reasonable time."

"The board does not wish to give the impression that all other war preparations should be abandoned. It is just as necessary now as it ever was and recruiting should be continued."

GO AFTER THEM.

"When you want to exterminate rats and hornets you go after them. That's what we propose to do now. The field of operations will be narrowed gradually."

"My statement giving my personal opinion as to the ultimate success of the effort to solve the submarine problem was not authorized by the board nor the Navy Department."

The board has been active since

the winter of 1915. Mr. Edison is reported to have been working eighteen hours a day in his intensified fashion on everything that offered any promise of solving the question.

STOP LEFT OVER COUGHS.

Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will stop that hacking cough that lingers from January. The soothing pine balsams loosen the phlegm, heals the irritated membrane, the glycerine relieves the tender tissues, you breathe easier and coughing ceases. Don't neglect a lingering cough, it is dangerous. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is antiseptic and pleasant to take, benefits young and old, get it at your druggist to-day. Formula on bottle, 25c.

EIGHT-INCH SNOW IN TEXAS BREAKS TREES IN BLOOM

Dallas, Tex., May 6.—Rain, which turned to snow at several points in the Texas Panhandle, fell Saturday night and to-day over the greater portion of North and West Texas, and according to agriculturists, was of great benefit to the growing wheat crop.

Amarillo reported 8½ inches of snow, which bore many trees in full leaf to the ground by its weight. Further south, from Sherman to Houston, a general rain was reported.

THREE SETS OF TWINS.

JUDGE'S HEART TOUCHED BY FATHER'S TALE OF WOE.

New York, May 5.—If you were the father of three sets of twins, and kept them going, and your wife wouldn't live with you and the twins—would you send your wife money, courts or no courts?

Most probably not. So decided Jaco Colan. And the Court of Domestic Relations, despite affronted dignity and contempt of its order, agreed with his view.

It was all hashed out in court when Mrs. Colan complained Colan hadn't been paying her the \$3 a week he had been ordered to remit in a previous proceeding. In the five years during which Mr. and Mrs. Colan have been married they have been blessed by three sets of twins.

Perhaps the twins were to blame. Anyway, Mr. and Mrs. Colan had many spats and finally decided to be out for good.

Some months ago the courts decided that Mr. Colan was to send \$3 a week to his wife and some weeks ago Mr. Colan decided that he would not. So all hands to the center of the court.

"Why," asked the court, "do you fail to pay \$3 as directed?"

"Because," said Mr. Colan, "when I think of her troubles I have to laugh. She wanted me and she got me; she wanted a home and she got it; she wanted fights and she won them all; she wanted to leave me and she did; she wanted her liberty and she got it; she wanted \$3 a week and got it; and she didn't want the three sets of twins and I've got them. Take it from me, your honor, a man with three sets of twins and no home regards \$3 as a bankroll."

And the court thought likewise.

CHILDREN CRY. FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

CHICAGO'S WEALTHY TO SEND TROOPS WITH T. R.

Chicago, Ill., May 7.—Chicago's captains of industry will raise a regiment of volunteers for immediate service in France. Details of the undertaking were made public Thursday with the announcement of the following telegram to Col. Theodore Roosevelt:

"Chicago desires to raise the first volunteer regiment for the expeditionary force in France. We would like to make arrangements to start recruiting at once. We are convinced the presence of United States troops on the battle front would tend materially to shorten the period of the war and impress upon Europe the tremendous strength of our nation. Kindly let us know what arrangements have been made. The names of J. Ogden Armour, William Wrigley, Jr., E. Hulbert, Dr. Frank Billings, Samuel Hastings, C. H. Poppenhausen, Fred S. James and Frederick D. Countiss were signed."

ENLISTMENT OF STUDENTS CLOSES ARKANSAS COLLEGE

Little Rock, Ark., May 7.—Little Rock College will close Monday, it was announced here by Rev. Herbert Heagney, president, because only fifteen students remain in the college department, forty-two students and three members of the faculty having enlisted in the army or navy. The college is maintained by the Little Rock Diocese of the Roman Catholic Church.

FOREST NOTES.

Balsa wood, found in Central America, is said to be the lightest known wood. It is lighter than cork and has an average specific gravity of only .194.

A wood specimen found in glacial drift and estimated by the Wisconsin State geologist to be approximately half a million years old has been identified by the Forest Products Laboratory of the Forest Service as spruce.

State Forests with a total of over 3,600,000 acres have been established in thirteen States. Of these New York has the largest forests, which comprise 1,826,000 acres; Pennsyl-

U. S. AND BRITAIN TO RULE WORLD

PRESS OF AUSTRIA SAYS U-BOAT MUST WIN AT ONCE OR LOSE.

Vienna, May 5.—The Neue Freie Presse discusses the peace prospects from all angles and comes to the conclusion that the war could be ended at once if England, supported by the United States could be brought to her knees.

"As long as Great Britain is able to continue the struggle peace will not come," the paper says. "Russia may drop out and Italy also, but the fight will go on, because France will not dare to conclude a separate peace and England is more firmly resolved to crush Germany than ever. Counting on the inexhaustible resources of America, the British statesmen and army leaders believe themselves absolutely sure of victory."

"England would actually feel relieved if Russia, Rumania, Serbia and Italy would quit, because these exhausted countries have become a heavy burden for her and can give little or no military aid for a long time to come, while America is able not only to furnish unlimited money, men, ships and ammunition supplies but also enormous armies after a certain time. The aid of the United States is worth more to Great Britain than that of all her present allies, with the exception of France."

Entrance in War Certain

The actual entrance of the great American republic into the war is a certainty the moment the unrestricted submarine war was proclaimed.

The Central Powers knew this, but military necessity was the deciding factor. Whether the step taken was wise or not the future must show. If England can be brought to the verge of starvation before the United States is able to take part in the war on a large scale the Central Powers will dictate the peace terms. Many months will certainly pass before America can do more for England than she has been doing during the last thirty months, and in the meantime the submarine war must be continued with undiminished energy.

"Great Britain will be ready for

peace if her shipping during the next three or four months can be reduced so that it will not even be sufficient for her own needs.

"As far as southern and eastern Europe is concerned the end of the war is in sight. The Russian revolution is working for peace, altho it was brought by England for just the opposite purpose. When the badly crippled Russian cossacks quits, Serbia and Rumania will also try to get the best conditions possible, and there is reasonable hope that Italy may do likewise, but we have to reckon with the possibility that the submarine war will not prove as successful as expected, and that England can not be starved out."

ANGLO-SAXON RULE.

"In this case the world war will develop into a fight to a finish between England and America on one side and the Central Powers on the other. How this struggle would end is impossible to say, but one thing is certain, if England and America should win out it would mean Anglo-Saxon rule over the whole world. Every country on the globe would practically become a vassal of the Anglo-American alliance, despite all the high-sounding talk of the rights of the small nations. This Anglo-Saxon hegemony would probably last for a very long time, and certainly until Japan with the aid of Russia and China, felt herself strong enough to contest it successfully."

BAD COUGH? FEVERISH? GRIPPI?

You need Dr. King's New Discovery to stop that cold, the soothing balsam ingredients heal the irritated membranes, soothe the sore throat, the antiseptic qualities kill the germ and your cold is quickly relieved. Dr. King's New Discovery has for 48 years been the standard remedy for coughs and colds in thousands of homes. Get a bottle to-day and have it handy in your medicine chest for coughs, colds, croup, grippe and all bronchial affections. At your druggist, 50c.

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Balsa wood, found in Central America, is said to be the lightest known wood. It is lighter than cork and has an average specific gravity of only .194.

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State Forests with a total of over

1,008,000 acres, Wisconsin third with 400,000 acres.

The largest number of sheep grazed on any single National Forest is 315,740, finding pasture on the Humboldt in Nevada, while the largest number of cattle—75,818 head—is found on the Tonto in Arizona. The value of the average annual meat product of these two National Forests is estimated at \$2,000,000.

KENTUCKIAN HAS DEVICE FOR DIVERTING TORPEDOES

Washington, May 5.—Henry Higgins, president of the Higgins Manufacturing Company, of Newport, Ky., was here to-day and offered the Government the patent of a device to divert torpedoes from ships. The contrivance also can be used as a sweeper for floating mines. Higgins brought a complete model with him and Navy Department officials to whom he was introduced by Representative Rouse manifested a great deal of interest.

PROOF POSITIVE.

Stella—So you and Tom are really engaged, are you? But are you positive you truly love him?

Mabel—Love him! Why, I never even took one of his presents back to find out what it cost!

JAPAN MAY SEND MISSION

GOVERNMENT CONSIDERING VISIT TO UNITED STATES.

Washington, May 5.—Japan may send a war commission to the United States. No definite information has been received, but it was said at the State Department today that intimations from an unofficial source had been made that the Japanese government was considering the move.

When the commission to Russia, headed by Elihu Root will leave has not been determined, but the State Department expects it to be under way as soon as plane can be completed.

Information as to when the Italian Commission will start for the United States is yet lacking.

PREDICTS GERMAN-JAPANESE ALLIANCE

Yokohama, May 5.—An eventual alliance between Germany and Japan that would secure for all time the rights of the two countries in the Far East was forecast by Admiral von Hintze, formerly German Minister to China, in an interview with a reporter of the Kokumin Shim bun. The German Admiral added his belief that later Russia would come into the agreement and this form a powerful triple alliance that would exercise a predominating sway over the two hemispheres and insure a world peace. Admiral von Hintze was in Japan on his way back to Germany, by way of the United States. He predicted that the war would be settled by compromise.

SHARK HUNTING TO GET NEW IMPETUS

New York, May 5.—Shark hunting promises to be a general and profitable industry along the coast of the Eastern States, since shoe manufacturers have discovered, by exhaustive experiments, that leather tanned from the hides of "man-eaters" is highly applicable for the purposes of ordinary footwear.

New York fishermen are preparing to carry on the hunt on a gigantic scale if the "sea tigers" come North this spring. While the industry in its infancy does not promise to be over highly remunerative, boat owners are confident with specialized methods catches of sufficient size to warrant exclusive attention to it will be their reward. In addition to the leather properties of the shark it produces an oil that is said to be the slowest drying lubricant known. It is also used in the manufacture of certain brands of waterproof paint.

GEN. WILLIAMS OFFERED REGIMENT BY T. R.

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—Brig. Gen. Rodger D. Williams, confirming a story from New York, said to-day Col. Roosevelt had offered him command of a regiment in the Colonel's proposed regiment for duty in France, but that he had given no definite reply because of unsettled conditions and his own first duty to the Kentucky Guard. Gen. Williams said he had had many applicants from all over the State for the Kentucky regiment proposed.

Suppose the President tries to conduct a war along the partisan lines he has started out on the Tariff commission; how far will he get?—Ducktown (Tenn.) Republican.

BY THE SAD SEA WAVES.

"Won't you let me kiss you, darling?" said the ocean breeze.

"Really, I haven't time, sir," said the wrist watch, putting her little hands before her face.

Cry for Fletcher's

ASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Charles Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulence, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

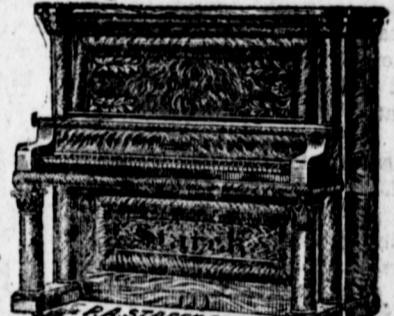
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In Use For Over 30 Years
The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



No Money in Advance—Satisfaction Guaranteed—Lowest Net Factory Prices—Easiest Terms—A Saving of \$100 to \$200—From Factory Direct



30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will

Hartford Republican.

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W. S. TINSLEY Business Manager

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NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new address must give the old address in making the request.

Business Locals and Notices 10¢ per line and 5¢ per line for each additional insertion.

Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanksgiving.

Line, money in advance.

Church Notices for services free, but other advertisements, 5¢ per line.

Anonymous communications will receive no attention.

TELEGRAPHIC.
Cumberland 123
Farmers' Mutual 50

FRIDAY MAY 11

Say you old tight wad, have you subscribed for your share of the first \$2,000,000,000 war loan?

We are now committing our second or third offense, haven't been arrested, whipped or cussed out yet.

In this long drawn out battle between the Ice man and the Coal man, the former has gone down, stiff and cold.

The submarine having been invented by the United States, it would be a fitting climax to have Uncle Samuel work out some sure method of destruction.

It "pears" to us a bit like a certain fellow in this neck of the woods or one who has lately been in these parts, has some sort of a grouch on, or perhaps he is "jist a spilin" for something. Hardly know what to look for next, perhaps it will be the salary of the County Auditor, or perhaps, salary and incidentals to the Superintendent of Schools. There are a lot of things it "mout" be and some that it "mought'ent" be.

Perhaps ninety-nine out of each one-hundred Democrats who remark at all, with reference to the situation of the good old U. S. A., in the present war, or crisis if you please, say that it is the duty of every patriotic person to stand squarely behind the President. There can be no question as to standing for our Country, upholding it in its hour of trial and of need, but getting and staying squarely behind the President is another thing altogether. In each and every scrap the Administration has had in Congress, it has been Republicans who have saved the day for Wilson, they have yet to be found wanting, that is in any noticeable numbers. Clark and the other acknowledged Democratic leader have both proven false. In spite of all of this, the only recognition ever received "that I know of" at the hands of President Wilson, or rather his administration, was that given to Elihu Root when he was named as some sort of commissioner to visit Russia, and that only within the last few days. No Republican large or small has been invited to consult with our President in this great crisis. I regret to say it, but they in so far as the President's knowledge and notice are concerned at least doesn't exist and this is wherein we don't stand squarely behind Woodrow Wilson. As afore-stated the country is another matter.

TO CANDIDATES.

Concerning the coming Primary Election, in so far as the entrance of new candidates are concerned, we presume that the field is tolerably well made up, tho there may be few yet to announce. If we desired to do so, it is entirely too early to venture a prophecy as to the outcome in any of the contests, yet it is not too early to warn and caution those who covet positions on the Republican ticket as to their conduct and manner of campaigns. We do not know of any specific acts, are not looking for any, and sincerely trust that none will be guilty of injecting into this friendly contest for nominations, other than honest and honorable methods, yet every individual may and will be excused for making the very best campaign, putting forth his best and most earnest effort possible, to win out over this first lap in the course.

Let none deal in methods of questionable character, it don't pay. To make a long story abrupt, you know that the Democratic Party in Ohio County, fattens on nothing so fast as Republican mud-slinging, which is the sure road to disruption in our camp.

The fellow who starts anything in this campaign, or even looks like he wanted to start anything, to which respectable persons, for decency's sake could object, should be sent to the Lunatic Asylum or tied up to a good strong dog-wood bush and some friendly four-year-old, sorrel mule

backed up to him and there kick the living day lights out of the has been, or would be, offender.

OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS TEST PASSED BY 60,000

Washington, May 8.—More than 200,000 men—five times as many as can be accommodated—have applied for admission to the sixteen officers' training camps which opened to-day to begin developing the men who will lead new American armies to be raised within the next four months. About 60,000 have been certified as qualified for admission, and from these 40,000 will be selected and placed under intensive instruction within the next ten days.

Men already holding commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps began reporting at the camps to-day. The remainder of the 2,500 assigned to each camp will report by next Monday when organization of infantry companies for the first month of hard drilling will begin.

REDISTRICTING.

The Commissioners appointed by the County Court, consisting of J. F. Render, W. N. Stevens and W. S. Brown, in a majority report filed last Monday, for the most part, changed the whole county, recommending, or reporting in favor of seven instead of eight districts as now existing.

Mr. Brown filed a minority report in which he leaves the county, or would leave the County divided as at present.

We have taken some pains to figure on the proposed districts, as to population, &c. We based our calculation upon the last census of the county, which was 27,642 and then took the vote for the year 1916, I think it was, and by that process it would show approximately 4 1/2 inhabitants for each vote cast, tho the rule is to count one voter for each 5 of population. Following is the proposed districts and the population of each, with voting precincts composing same:

District No. 1—East and West Hartford, East and West Beaver Dam. Population, 5,005.

District No. 2—Centertown, Small-hous, Pt. Pleasant, Ceralvo and Rend-der. Population, 2,984.

District No. 3—McHenry, N. Rock-port, S. Rockport, Prentis, Cool Springs and Simmons. Population, 4,364.

District No. 4—Shreve, E. Fords-ville, W. Fordsville, Herbert and Aet-naville. Population, 3,708.

District No. 5—Bartletts, Buford, Beda and Hedin. Population, 3,345.

District No. 6—Sulphur Springs, Magan, Ralph, Narrows and Olaton. Population, 3,842.

District No. 7—Rosine, Horse Branch, Arnold, Select and Cromwell. Population, 4,392.

(There has been some change made in the boundary line of W. Fordsville precinct, Ralph and perhaps Magan, but I was unable to show it in this article, this of course would somewhat change the total vote of both District No. 4 and 6.)

District No. 1, has a population of more than 5,000 and is safely Rep-ublican, while District No. 2 is Dem-ocratic by about 40 and has a pop-ulation of less than 3,000.

From the method I have persued, and it is practically correct, agreeable to the aforesaid election there are two Democratic Districts and five Rep-ublican districts, and by some strange system of computing the number necessary to representation on the Fiscal Board, it takes 4,262 souls in the Rep-ublican districts and only 3,165 in the Democratic districts, or 1,098 less in the Democratic districts than districts voting otherwise. We hope that this was not intentional upon the part of the worthy Commissioners, in fact we are certain that it was not purposely done, because we know them personally and feel that this inequality was due to lack of sufficient data from which to make up their report and neither do we believe that the court will thus establish the Magis-tral Districts, as representing equality between the taxpayers and citizens of Ohio county, of whom he is the representative, not of one, but all.

AMERICAN OFFICERS TO DRESS LIKE THE BRITISH

Washington, May 8.—It will be difficult to distinguish from American and British officers in the future if plans now under consideration by Maj. Gen. Scott, chief of staff, are approved. The British roll collar jacket may be adopted to replace the closed collar now regulation for the American service. Gen. Scott will be the first officer to try out the proposed new uniform it is understood and open collar blouse is now being made for him and some officers of the Quartermaster General's office are greatly in favor of the change.

The present uniform was adopted on recommendation of the Army War College. It was held that the open collar blouse did not protect the throat and chest of a soldier in the field properly and that it would make to unsoldierly appearance.

backed up to him and there kick the living day lights out of the has been, or would be, offender.

OHIO CIRCUIT COURT IN SHORT SESSION

COURT WILL LIKELY ADJOURN SAT., JURORS SELECTED FOR NEXT TERM.

The Ohio Circuit Court convened here on last Monday, with a very light docket. Many equity cases have been taken up, argued, and disposed of.

In the case of Commonwealth of Ky. vs. George Jewell, tried and acquitted. Comth', vs. Ike France, et al., two cases continued to July term. Comth', vs. Harden Tanner et al., continued to July term. G. W. Embry, et al., vs. P. L. Alford, judgment for plaintiff for \$25.00. Turner vs. Heavrin, amended petitions filed, and demurred to, sustained and appeal prayed on questions of law, which was granted and action dismissed on motion of Plaintiff.

Edgar Weller was adjudged a feeble minded person and was sent to the Kentucky Institute for the feeble-minded.

Jim Wid Brown and Jennie Bennett were both tried and adjudged to persons of unsound minds or lunatics and committed to the Western Kentucky Asylum for the insane.

The following were empaneled as Petit Jurors on Monday:

J. C. Magan, J. D. Johnson, T. R. Black, W. R. Gray, Ollie Duff, S. B. Snell, J. W. Davenport, L. C. Porter, John King, T. P. Carson, R. S. Baker, James A. Cooper, Robert Decker, Wm. Pullian, Morris T. Gentry, J. N. Cole, Frank Landrum, E. P. Brown.

The following were empaneled on Wednesday:

J. H. Black, Tip Bean, J. C. Hill, John Miller, A. C. Jones, J. L. Smith, Fred Cooper, Felix Shaver, S. B. Wiggington, W. C. Richards, J. S. Taylor, J. T. Eskridge.

The disposal of the case of Turner vs. Heavrin, relieved the docket so much for the remainder of this term, that the Court deemed it wise to dispose of the Jury, and it was dismissed on Wednesday.

The Court at this term has drawn and announced the Grand and Petit Jurors for the coming July term, each to appear on the first day of said term, following is the list of those who are to serve as Grand Jurors:

R. C. McSherry, Carl M. Taylor, Walker, Myrtle, W. E. Ashby, Ben Hu, J. J. Braken, Leo Brown, Bob Shreve, E. P. Moore, Quint Brown, L. D. Bennett, J. L. Brown, J. R. Burgess, J. M. Barrett, Luther Dooly, Lewis H. Rendy, J. R. Addington, W. L. Leach, Bertie Hammons, W. T. Withrow, James Ralph, T. S. Boswell, E. P. Bernard, C. L. Mason.

The following compose the Petit Jurors for the July term:

J. H. Davis, W. P. Allen, J. S. Young, Alonzo Phillips, Estill Board, J. W. Embry, Bazil Taylor, James W. Brown, W. B. Chinn, U. S. Carson, Lafe Grant, John Babbett, R. H. Johnson, J. R. Hoover, R. P. Bennett, V. A. Stewart, Ab Chapman, H. C. Crowder, S. W. Taylor, J. W. Price, Mack Daniel, J. S. Eskridge, Charlie Petty, John Johnson, N. J. Faught, Clide Boling, Lon Gentry and D. M. Park.

FINANCING RELIEF WORK
ASSUMED BY AMERICA

Washington, May 8.—The American Government today assumed the immediate financial burden of Belgian relief by arranging to lend to the French and Belgian governments jointly \$75,000,000 to be expended by the American Belgian Relief Commission for food to go to Belgium and Northern France.

The money will be advanced in monthly installments of \$12,500,000 of which \$7,000,000 will go to Belgium and \$5,000 to France. The way has been left open for the commission to apply for more money when the sum is exhausted at the end of six months.

Under the arrangement the American Commission will bear the entire cost of supplies, thus relieving the British and French governments which hitherto have borne about ninety per cent of it. Administration of the relief abroad will be left in the hands of Spanish and Dutch themselves. The money loaned is a part of the \$1,000,000,000 allied fund being raised here.

Herbert C. Hoover, director of the American Commission, announcing the loan to-night said:

The inability of the commission to secure ships to provide full rations to Belgium and Northern France makes it possible for the \$12,500,000 monthly to cover the present restricted operations of the commission. There will be ample need for any balances in hand and any further subscriptions for reconstruction work and the care of orphan children in Belgium after peace, even if new emergencies during the war do not require the use of all available funds.

The commission intends to retain all funds received from public charity

after the date when the new government subsidy begins in a special reserve fund to be used as outlined. An improvement in shipping conditions may change the situation entirely.

Americans recently have been contributing about a million dollars monthly for Belgian relief. The French and British governments have spent many millions a month.

L. T. REID IS FIRST TO OFFER SERVICES

Judge Jno. B. Wilson is in possession of a letter from Mr. Lycurgus T. Reid, of Rockport, tendering his services without remuneration, as Registration Officer, for the registering of those required under the Selective Conscription Act, recently enacted by Congress. Mr. Reid states that he is 75 years old and therefore unable to serve his country in the field and desires to do this little bit, for the good of the cause.

Judge Wilson suggests that others who desire to follow in the footsteps of Mr. Reid should file their offer or request with him at once, and that all who tender their services shall be considered when he makes his appointments.

Poultry Notice.

Hartford, Ky., May 7, 1917.

Everyone that has poultry for sale in the May delivery, or those who want to pool with the organization for the next and last sale for the season are urgently requested to report the amount to the sale committee in the next week or ten days as the committee cannot make a sale unless the stuff is reported.

H. L. TAYLOR,
HENRY. M. PIRTLE,
Committee.

By HENRY M. PIRTLE.

RUSSIAN WORKMEN TO BE IN GOVERNMENT

MINISTRY HAS DECIDED ON COALITION CABINET FOR NEW REPUBLIC.

Petrograd, May 9.—The Russian Government to-day issued a declaration in favor of a coalition ministry.

The declaration of the new Russian Government indicates a concession to the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers Delegates, the powerful body of fighting and working men forming the majority socialist party, members of which recently took part in a great demonstration against Prof. Paul N. Mikuloff, the Foreign Minister, and other members of the Government.

R. C. McSherry, Carl M. Taylor, Walker, Myrtle, W. E. Ashby, Ben Hu, J. J. Braken, Leo Brown, Bob Shreve, E. P. Moore, Quint Brown, L. D. Bennett, J. L. Brown, J. R. Burgess, J. M. Barrett, Luther Dooly, Lewis H. Rendy, J. R. Addington, W. L. Leach, Bertie Hammons, W. T. Withrow, James Ralph, T. S. Boswell, E. P. Bernard, C. L. Mason.

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ARMED FORCE UNDER U. S.

FLAG APPEARS IN PARIS

Paris, May 9.—The Stars and Stripes appeared on the streets of Paris as the battle flag of an armed force this morning when the flag and fifty men of the American field service under it on their way to the railroad station for the front were acclaimed enthusiastically by early risers along the route.

Thirty-one members of the contingent are from Cornell University, and a graduate of Cornell, Edward Tinghah, of Montclair, N. J., is in command, with R. T. Scully, a Princeton man from Pittsburgh, as his assistant.

This is the first detachment of the American Field Service to bear arms and detailed for the transportation of munitions to the front.

Eggs For Hatching.

S. C. Black, Minorcas, Northrop strain—the big kind, White Wyandottes, Duson strain—the stay white kind. Eggs from either or both breeds for quick sale \$1.00 per 15, \$3.00 per 50, 25 per cent off after May 10th. The best matings cocks and hens not related. Good weighers and winter layers.

L. T. BARNARD,
4216 Hartford, Ky., R. 4.

U. S. STEAMER FIRES

SIX SHOTS AT U-BOAT

New York, May 9.—An armed American Line steamship which arrived here tonight from a European port reported that her gun crew fired six shots at a German submarine off the coast of Ireland on May 2. The undersea boat immediately submerged, and it was impossible to determine whether any of the shots took effect.

The periscope of the submarine was

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Notice—Announcements for county offices published in this column until the Primary, \$5.00 in advance. District offices, \$2.50.

For Jailer.

We are authorized to announce the candidacy of M. C. SHROADER for the Republican nomination for Jailer of Ohio county. Subject to the Primary Election, Saturday, August 4, 1917.

For Representative.

GRADUATION PRESENTS

Perhaps you will want to remember in some way your friend graduate. We would suggest that you come to our store and we will cheerfully show you a substantial line of presents.

FOR THE GIRLS

A beautiful assortment of Fans, from the cheapest to fine Ivory stick fans. Prices from 50c to \$1.50.

HOSIERY

A splendid line of Silk Hose, in all the leading spring shades, Flesh, White, Blue, Tan, Pink, Black—the "BLACK CAT" quality. None like them for durability. From \$1.00 to \$1.50 pair.

FOR THE YOUNG MEN

Big assortment of new Ties, in all the spring shades. 4-in-hands, Bows, from 25c to \$1.00.

HALF HOSE—A large variety in Silk Lisle, at 25c. Pure silk, in "BLACK CAT" quality, in white, Palm Beach, Navy Blue, Black and Gray, at 50c pair.

SHIRTS—The leading spring patterns in the "HALL MARK" brand, from \$1.00 to \$1.50.

COLLARS—In the celebrated "ARROW" brand, laundried and soft, in the newest styles, at 15c each.

Any of the above articles would be a suitable present for any graduate, and the prices are in reach of the most economic buyer.

SEE US, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY MAY 11

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.

No. 113 due at Ellimitch 8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Ellimitch 7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Ellimitch .. 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington .. 5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington .. 5:56 p. m.
Ar. Louisville .. 7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville .. 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington .. 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington .. 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Ellimitch .. 1:04 p. m.

M. H. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.

South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford 8:45 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 5:55 p. m.
(Both "Mixed Trains.)

Personal News and Social Events.

Acton Bros. for Furniture.

Get your plows from Acton Bros.

Miss Nancy King is on the sick list.

M. T. Likens has plenty of ice for sale.

For the best Coal Oil Stove made see Acton Bros.

See Eck Rial for Garden Breaking and light hauling. 37th

Miss Geneva Shown, of Route 3, is visiting relatives in Owensboro.

Best Rubber Roofing at Acton Bros., Hartford, Ky.

See Acton Bros. for your Corn Drills. Prices right.

Jones' Fertilizers—the old reliable brand—for sale by W. E. Ellis & Bro.

Attorney E. M. Woodward was in attendance at Circuit Court this week.

Farming Tools for sale. See W. H. PARKS, Ohio County Bottling Works.

Judge J. P. Gordan, Madisonville, was here this week attending Circuit Court.

Hillside Plows, Oliver Chill points and joiners for sale by W. E. Ellis & Bro.

Will pay 25c in cash, 25c in trade for Eggs remainder of week. More if market justifies.

ILER'S GROCERY.

Mr. F. L. Felix is spending a few days in Louisville.

Attorney Z. T. Proctor of Leitchfield was a visiting attorney at Court this week.

We will pay highest market price for eggs. ACTON BROS., Hartford, Ky.

Graduating presents galore—Jewelry, Ivory Goods, Kodaks, Etc., at Tappan's. 45t2

Go to W. E. Ellis & Bro. for Jones' Fertilizer—the kind that produces results.

Will Rucker, Colored, who died in Gary, Ind., was brought here for burial, last Tuesday.

Lewis Bozarth, who has been in Akron, Ohio, for some time returned home a few days ago.

For the best ice cream' freezer on earth, at rock bottom prices, see ACTON BROS.

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Wall Paper and Disinfectants at 44t2 OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Hocker, who have been in Akron, Ohio, during the past several months, returned home Monday.

Take your eggs to S. L. King & Co. Of all the prices you see in the papers they will pay the highest, in trade or cash.

Sight restored to the blind—almost, by our method of testing eyes. Guaranteed. J. B. TAPPAN, 45t4 Jeweler & Optician.

Mrs. Jno. P. Taylor, after spending some time here with Col. and Mrs. H. P. Taylor has returned to her home in Memphis, Tenn.

Mr. Edward Barrass, of Harrisburg, Ill., who was formerly with the Taylor Coal Co., at Taylor Mines, was in Hartford, last week-end.

Mr. Clyde Ralph, of near town, who has been in Connersville, Ind., for some time is home with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. T. Ralph.

Ex-Comth's, Attorney, of Owensboro, attended Court here this week. John T. Rone, Attorney, of Centertown has been attending Circuit Court here this week.

We have a lot of nice clean Whippoorwill Stock Peas, which are going at a very low price. Get our prices before buying your supply.

ACTON BROS., Hartford, Ky.

Have horses for sale. Three good work mares. One No. 1 harness mare, one general utility horse. Will sell reasonable. Call on W. E. Ellis and he will satisfy you in quality, style and price.

Hammocks, Croquet Sets, Fishing Tackle, Sporting Goods. 44t2 OHIO COUNTY DRUG CO.

EGGS—This week; 25c in cash; 30c in trade. Better if market justifies ACTON BROS.

Mr. G. G. Wedding, of Indianapolis, Ind., is visiting the family of Judge R. R. Wedding and Mrs. Wedding.

Mrs. Oppie Kittinger, of Smallhous, is visiting the families of Messrs. Joe C. Bennett and P. B. Taylor, city.

Foil the Fly! Get our prices on Black and Galvanized Screen Wire. ACTON BROS., Hartford, Ky.

Captain A. J. Barnett, in command of Co H, made a flying trip home on Tuesday evening, for the purpose of looking after some business affairs.

For the remainder of the season I will sell my regular \$2.00 BARRARD ROCK EGGS for \$1.00 per sitting.

J. C. ILER, Hartford, Ky.

The Woman's Benefit Association, Ladies of the Maccabees, will meet on the second Thursday of each month at the home of Mrs. Schlemer, Commander.

LOST—One combination K. of P. Masonic Watch Charm, between my home and store. Finder please return to A. R. Carson and receive reward.

Mrs. Duke, who was the surviving widow of Mr. Dave Duke, died at Whitesville on Tuesday and her remains were brought here for interment in Oak Wood on Wednesday.

Mrs. J. W. O'Bannon, Mays Lick, arrived in Hartford last Saturday. Mrs. O'Bannon, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. R. E. Duke, are now visiting their father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. B. W. Stewart, near Select.

Quarterly Conference of the M. E. Church, South, Hartford Charge, will be held at Mt. Hermon, to-morrow and Sunday, preaching at 11 o'clock each day. The business session will be held at 2 o'clock, to-morrow evening.

A chicken shower will be given by the Ladies of the Mt. Hermon, M. E. Church, on Saturday the 13th, and Monday the 15th. Fowls will be received at the Church or Produce House of W. E. Ellis & Bro., Hartford.

Will pay 35 cents a pound for springers 1 to 1 1/2 lbs., 40 cents a pound for springers 1 1/2 to 2 lbs. Hatched out since the first of the year. Must be free from feed. Prices good until May 11th, 1917.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Sergt. Gilmore Keown, of Co. H, Ky. N. G., has been selected as one of the fifteen from the third regiment to take special training for the Officers Reserve Corps. The many friends here, of Sergt. Keown are much pleased to learn of this deserved recognition.

Otis Howard, of this place, who has been a student in K. S. U., during the past two years is home for a short stay. Mr. Howard has made application for membership in the Army Officers Reserve Corps, has been accepted and is expecting to leave at an early date.

Leave your Laundry at Schapmire's Printing Office. Special attention given out of town customers. Laundry called for in town on Mondays and delivered on Fridays. We are agents for the White Swan Laundry and guarantee the work.

44t2 SCHAPMIRE & ELLIS.

HOES—We have a lot of goose-neck Hoes that will chop the weeds and grass out of your crops. And we are selling them cheaper than you can buy them elsewhere. Price others, and then come to us.

S. L. KING & CO., Hartford, Ky.

Mr. Q. B. Brown, of Simons, announces his candidacy for the Republican nomination for J. P. O. C. from the Rockport Magisterial District, this week. Mr. Brown is a farmer and mechanic, a good business man and exceedingly well qualified for this important position. If nominated his election is assured.

Having purchased the up-to-date restaurant heretofore run by L. T. Riley, on Main street, I will be glad to have my friends call. You will find everything neat, plenty to eat and courteous treatment always. Remember the place—near Star Theater.

J. A. TATE, Hartford, Ky.

Sidney A. Williams, W. Park Taylor and Matthew Benton were in Bowling Green Tuesday for the purpose of taking the examination for entrance to the Army Officers Reserve Corps. It is reported that each passed the examination and all will start for Fort Benjamin Harrison, Indianapolis, Ind., at an early date.

Farming Implements—We handle the Celebrated Vulcan Chilled and Blue Bird Plows, Corn Planters, Disc Harrows, Cultivators, Mowing Machines, Hay Rakes and various other farming tools. We also handle the Weber Wagon. Plow time

will soon be here, see our line before buying.

W. E. ELLIS & BRO., Hartford, Ky.

Mr. J. Ellis Mitchell, Dundee, Judge C. M. Crowe and W. W. Browder, Hartford, were designated by the County Court as witnesses to appear before the State Board of Equalization, Frankfort, on behalf of Ohio County to protest against the proposed increase of 25 per cent on farm lands and personality and 15 per cent on town lots, as listed and reported by the Assessor for taxation for the present year. The hearing was had on Wednesday, of this week.

W. H. Burton.

Mr. W. H. Burton died very suddenly at 8:30 o'clock p. m., on Wednesday at his home here. Mr. Burton had been in failing health for quite a long time, the able to be up and attend to his affairs. Death was due to heart trouble. Deceased was widely known throughout the county, having served as railway telegraph operator, Everyman and until recently had been Marshal of the town of Hartford.

Besides his wife he leaves one daughter, Miss Lillie.

Funeral services were held at the family residence, conducted by Rev. R. D. Bennett, yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, after which the remains were laid to rest in Oakwood.

PLAN TO PUT MUNITIONS WORKS OUT OF BUSINESS

New York, May 9.—Andrew D. Meloy testified to-day that Capt. Franz Rintelen, of the German navy, told him in July, 1915, that David Lamar and former Representatives Frank Buchanan and H. Robert Fowler had entered into a plan, financed by Rintelen to "compel or procure strikes" in munition plants and that it was represented to him that "within thirteen days there would be hardly a ton of munitions made in the United States."

Meloy, who is a financial expert, testified at the trial of the four men named with four others on charges of conspiring to wreck the Entente Allies' munition trade in this country. Meloy said Rintelen also told him Lamar had organized Labor's National Peace Council to carry out the plans. The witness said he told Rintelen that if he was paying out any money for such a project he was being cheated.

COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MEETS

The County Board of Education was in session Tuesday and Wednesday, with all members present, as we are informed. Quite a lot of business of much importance was transacted, among which was the purchase of all needed furniture for the various Districts and the adoption or designation of the McHenry Graduated School as one of the County High Schools.

WAR PROHIBITION BILL INTRODUCED IN SENATE

Washington, May 9.—A bill prohibiting the manufacture, sale, transportation or exportation of beverage alcohol in war time was introduced in the Senate today by Senator Kenyon. It would permit redistillation for the manufacture of explosives.

\$100,000,000 PAID

OVER TO FRANCE

Washington, May 8.—France today received the \$100,000,000 the United States has decided to lend her to meet her expenses in this country during May. The amount was transferred by Secretary McAdoo to Ambassador Jusserand to-day by Treasury warrant.

The loan brings the total advanced thus far to the Allies up to \$450,000,000.

Indications are that subscriptions to the second offering of Treasury certificates, which were to close May 10 probably will be closed before then.

The transfer of the \$100,000,000 to France to-day was marked by an exchange of addresses by Secretary McAdoo and Ambassador Jusserand.

COOK FREED OF MURDER CHARGE

At the examining trial of Jesse Cook here yesterday, who was arrested on last Monday charged with the murder of his wife at an early hour on the same date, the Court decided after hearing the evidence that the killing of Mrs. Cook was purely accidental, and discharged the defendant. Those hearing the trial were of the opinion that the Court's judgment was in line with evidence introduced.

Marines Above Strength.

Washington, May 9.—Official announcement was made to-day that the Marine Corps now contains 18,951 men. Its authorized strength of 17,400 was passed May 1. A bill to authorize a strength of 30,000 is pending in Congress.

Sharping Everything But your Wits. Plow points ground on short notice by power driven tools. All kinds of woodworking and blacksmithing done to your satisfaction. Services unexcelled.

GILLESPIE BROS., Hartford, Ky.

Get Ready For Commencement!

For white dresses we have Organdy, Flaxon, Voile, India Linen, prices from 10c to 75c. Also have Laces and Insertions to match these goods.

Have Silks in Taffeta and Satins, also Silk Poplins and many other materials for dresses. See our line of ready-made Shirt Waists, from 50c to \$5 each.

Also have line of White Wash Skirts at \$1.25 each.

Have a new line of Middy Blouses from 50c to \$1.00.

See our new Sport Collars from 25c to 50c.

Also have a line of Muslin Underwear, as well as Munsingwear. See our line of White Shoes from \$2.00 to \$4.50, in Canvas and Reinskin.

We have a new line of Ivory and Silk Fans, for graduating presents, from 25c to \$1.50.

Carson & Co.
INCORPORATED
Hartford, Ky.

FLAG RAISING CALLS FORTH PATRIOTISM

CELEBRATION AT COURT HOUSE LARGELY ATTENDED LAST SAT

Farm Department

WORK THE CORN LAND DUTY OF EVERY GROWER

In emergencies it may be necessary for some patriots to invoke the oxen and leave the plow standing in the furrow, but the lasting support of the Nation requires efficient patriots to keep the plow going. The soil supports animals; corn and animals support an army; and "armies fight on their bellies." Let us properly care for the goose that lays the golden egg.

Whether corn prices are high or low, the farmer's profit depends on obtaining large acre yields. Large acre yields reduce the expense of both labor and land. It is remarkable that acre yields are increasing most rapidly in the States north and west of the corn-belt States. These increased acre yields are largely due to earlier and thicker planting of better seed corn. Unnecessary losses from planting poor seed corn are diminishing as it is becoming better realized that neither frosts nor droughts can exterminate good acclimated varieties if sufficient seed is saved from good crops to last until another good crop is obtained. Good seed corn will retain its powers of germination and production for four or five years.

Planting.

With due care in preparing land and with proper seed corn, plantings should be made several weeks earlier than is usually practiced in the Northern States. Enormous losses

due to failure of the corn crop to mature can be largely prevented by earlier planting. It has become customary to delay corn planting until the soil is warm, because poor seed will rot in cold soil. The proper kind of seed corn can be planted before danger from frosts is past. Spring frosts do not seriously damage very early planted corn. One fall frost is worse than three spring frosts. The earliest plantings mature earliest and usually produce the largest and best crops. While it may not always be advisable to plant "one for the blackbird, one for the crow, one for the cutworm, and three for to grow," it is advisable even with the best of seed to plant two or three kernels for every stalk desired. Some of the young plants will be destroyed. It is very much better and more profitable to pull out the weaker and superfluous plants than to attempt to get good results by replanting. Replanting very seldom gives good results. Thick planting and pulling out the weaker stalks increase the chances of obtaining good yields.

Central and Southern States.

In the Central and Southern States the scarcity of soil moisture in the middle of the summer reduces the corn crop more than all other causes combined. The best assurance of a good corn crop is to get moisture into the soil in as large quantities and to as great depths as possible.

To allow weeds, alfalfa, rye, or other plants to grow during the spring upon land to be planted to corn is to invite failure of the corn crop.

To allow the soil to become dry enough in the spring before plowing to break up in big clods is to invite failure of the corn crop. If the plowing has been delayed until spring, the land should be disked before it has a chance to become too dry to plow. Disking is more rapid and should be done before the plowing in order to keep the ground from becoming too dry. Deep plowing should not be done in the spring. If followed by drought, it causes the land to dry out to greater depths than would result from shallow plowing.

The main corn planting is now completed in the South. When this main planting begins to form ears, the occurrence of a drought will ruin the crop unless a good supply of moisture has been stored in the subsoil. To reduce the chances of loss from drought, one or more later plantings should be made. Summer droughts are sometimes broken in time to cause later plantings to yield well. Good seed corn should be in readiness to make these later plantings as promptly as possible should droughts or floods injure the early plantings.

C. P. HARTLEY,
In Charge of Corn Investigations.

The lime requirement of sweet clover is as high as that of red clover or alfalfa. Maximum growth is obtained only on soils that are not acid.

Keep your hogs free from worms by giving the following ingredients:

Santonin 2 1/2 grains

Areca nut 1 dram

Calomel 1 grain

Sodium bicarbonate 1/2 dram

The above is a dose for a 100-pound pig, and the dosage may be increased or decreased according to the size of the animal. The pigs are starved for 12 hours previous to giving the remedy. The medicine is

thoroughly stirred in a small amount of ground feed, and the dose repeated in ten days.

See that the brood mare is in good condition. The brood mare and colt need more than grass. Breed to the best available stallion.

In pasture lands that can not readily be plowed the best procedure is to apply lime, if needed, and to encourage the grass to grow vigorously by a yearly topdressing of well-rotted barnyard manure and occasional light applications of commercial fertilizer that is rich in phosphates and nitrogen. In addition, all thin spots in the sod should be reseeded each year with a liberal quantity of good grass seed.

Approximately 20 per cent of each potato pared by ordinary household methods is lost in the process. The loss includes much and sometimes all of the portion of the tuber containing important soluble salts. Potatoes that are boiled and baked in their skins lose practically none of their food value.

Mowing pasture lands when the weeds are in full bloom is an excellent practice, as it prevents the formation of weed seeds. Most weeds even of the perennial type, can gradually be brought under control if they are not allowed to produce seed for several years in succession.

The codling moth enters the apple shortly after the blooms fall. Spray for this insect with arsenate of lead, three pounds to fifty gallons of water, from two to ten days after the petals have ceased falling. It is a good plan to add one gallon of lime-sulphur to every thirty-five gallons of water in order to prevent fungus troubles.

Wheat Crop Prospects.

Washington, May 6.—With favorable weather from now on, the total winter wheat yield may somewhat though not materially, exceed the harvest of last year. At this stage of the growth of the spring wheat crop, all that may be reasonably said is that the law of chance is for a greater production than last season.

There seems a strong probability that we shall have other available food supplies, such as corn, oats and potatoes, not only in full measure, but running over. Such are the assurances given by the Committee on Statistics and Standards of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States.

"There is much cheer in the way people, alike in the town and on the farm, are awake to the necessity of greatly increased food production this year," said Archer Wall Douglas of St. Louis, chairman of the committee. "Gardens are being cultivated everywhere. Of even greater amount is the story of an acreage of corn, oats and potatoes that will break all previous records."

According to the report, the serious and dominating factor in the condition of wheat is the wide-spread damage from winter killing and drought that is aid to prevail in a most unusual measure in every section where winter wheat is grown.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

base.

Someone has advanced the opinion that the letter "e" is the most unfortunate letter in the English alphabet, because it is always out of cash, forever in debt, never out of danger and in hell all the time. For some reason he overlooked the fortunes of the letter, so we call his attention to the fact that "e" is never in war, always in peace. It is the beginning of existence, the commencement of ease, and the end of trouble. Without it, no meat, no life and no heaven. It is the center of honesty, makes love perfect and without it there could be no editors, devils nor news.—Exchange.

Mere Guess Work.

"Do you believe marriage is a lottery, dear?" asked the minister's wife.

"Surely, I do," replied the pastor. "You never can tell what the fee will be."—Yonkers Statesman.

Russian Crown Lands Rich.

Petrograd.—The crown lands in Siberia, which the new Provisional Government has confiscated from the imperial family and turned over to the State, include almost the whole of the provinces of Altai and Nenetskiy, embracing a territory larger than Germany and probably richer than Germany in its natural resources.

Since the Eighteenth century these lands have been the personal property of the Russian Emperors, who, being occupied with other matters, paid little attention to their develop-

ment. Both provinces are rich in minerals, including gold, iron, zinc and lead. Included in these crown lands also are the coal fields of Kuznetskiy, which are said by experts to be among the richest in Europe. The Altai region includes also thousands of acres of undeveloped farm land of high fertility.

The opening of these lands is expected to simplify the agrarian problem and facilitate the work of economic adjustment after the war.

MONROE'S SON, THO. 101, HE WANTS TO ENLIST

Atlanta, Ga., May 5.—Maj. James W. Monroe, only surviving son of President Monroe, is 101 years of age and says he wants to enlist to serve Uncle Sam. He applied at the local recruiting station here and, altho not accepted brought in several young men as recruits.

Maj. Monroe is a veteran of the Mexican and Civil Wars and gave two sons to his country.

Verbs to Order.

A dashing city man remarked to a farmer friend:

"Thursday we autoed to the country club and golfed till dark, then trotted back to town and danced till morning."

The farmer "got back" in this language.

"I've been having some time myself Wednesday I muled to the cornfield and gee-hawed till sundown. Then I supped till dark and piped till 9. Then I bedstepped till 5 o'clock, then breakfasted till it was time to go muling again."

Farm for Sale.

A 160 acre farm 4 miles east of Hartford, on the border of the oil fields. Good dwelling, barn and other necessary outbuildings. Young orchard, strawberry bed and other pleasing features. If I can't carry inter-county seat pike w'll be near. See, or write Tinsley & Barnett, Hartford, Ky., for further particulars.

**JOFFRE WAITS HIS TURN
IN CHICAGO BARBER SHOP**

Chicago, May 5.—A barber at the Chicago Club today is telling a story to illustrate the democracy of Marshal Joffre, the hero of the Marne. Two men were awaiting their turn to be shaved when the door to the shop swung open and the smiling face beneath the Marshal's cap appeared. The barbers and the men who were waiting begged the great Frenchman to climb immediately into a chair.

"But," said the barber, "do you think he'd move in out of his turn? Not he!" He just sat down and insisted on waiting until he was next.

And Mrs. M. Ronan, the manicure is pointing triumphantly to the hand that "papa Joffre" squeezed as he left the shop.

\$7,000,000,000 IS HOW MUCH MONEY?

Bloomington, Ind., May 5.—Some interesting facts concerning the \$7,000,000,000 appropriation for carrying on the war by the United States have been figured out by A. M. Patterson, student at Indiana University. Here they are:

A stack of 7,000,000,000 silver dollars would reach approximately 11,000 miles high.

If the dollars were placed edgewise they would form a line 165,000 miles in length. This is counting 63,600 to the mile.

The weight of the money in silver would be 412,492,624 pounds or 26,246.3 tons. About 4,120 large size freight cars would be required to haul them.

Farmer Suicides.

Shelbyville, Ky., May 7.—The body of Roland Hellman, 50 years old, a farmer, was found hanging in the tobacco barn on his farm near Croppe just before noon to-day. He had recently purchased the place from Luther Woods, and it is believed that financial troubles may have led to his death. He is survived by his widow, three sons, one daughter and a brother, J. W. Hellman, of this county.

Life Endangered.

She—it must have taken a lot of persistence on your part to learn to play the ukulele so well.

He—it did. I had to go constantly armed for three months.—Punch Bowl.

Rebuked.

Diner—Hi, here, you waifer, this wine isn't pure.

Waiter (exmember of the Salvation Army)—Ah, my friend, to the pure all things are pure.—London Opinion.

FISH STORY SEASON

NOW IN FULL BLAST

Sundance, Wyo., May 5.—The opening of the fishing season brings the story of a man who caught an anagiarium with his first cast. Fishing in Sand Creek, a small stream near this place, from which no fish

weighing more than two pounds before had ever been taken John Guidinger captured a trout weighing thirteen pounds ten ounces and measuring thirty-two inches in length. He was amazed, but was more amazed when he opened the catch to discover a twelve-inch trout in its stomach. In the smaller trout he found a seven-inch horned dance and inside the dance a three-inch sucker. In the sucker were a grasshopper, three flies and a rusty fishhook.

A. SLACKER NOW MEMBER OF U. S. A.

Newark, N. J., May 5.—A heavy-set young man walked into the army recruiting office here and told the officers in charge he wanted to enlist.

"What's your name?" asked the Lieutenant.

"Slacker," was the reply.

"Nothing doing," shot back the officer: "we don't want slackers here."

The man later explained that he was Andrew Slack, of Middletown, Sussex County, N. J., and that he wanted to break off diplomatic relations with his name.

He was accepted.

YOUNG GERMAN SHOOTS DOWN 40 AEROPLANES

Berlin, May 5.—First Lieutenant Baron Manfred von Richthofen, a brilliant and daring German aviator, has been decorated with the Order "Pour le Mérite" by the Kaiser. He is the youngest man who has ever received this distinction, being 24 years old.

Von Richthofen formerly belonged to the air squadron of the famous Capt. Boelcke whose record he has far eclipsed. Recently he shot down three air victories in a single day.

Used 40 Years CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic
Sold Everywhere

WARRANTED FOR ALL TIME.

If you purchase the NEW HOME you will have a life asset at the price you pay, and will not have an endless chain of repairs.

NOT SOLD UNDER ANY OTHER NAME.

THE SEWING MACHINE OF A QUALITY.

OVER 65 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE
Dissolved in water, for douches stops pelvic catarrh, ulceration and inflammation. Recommended by Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., for ten years. A healing wonder for nasal catarrh, sore throat and sore eyes. Economical. Has extraordinary cleansing and germicidal power. Sample Free. 50¢. All drugs, or postpaid by mail. The Paxton Toilet Company, Boston, Mass.

Every Woman Wants Paxton

ANTISEPTIC POWDER

FOR PERSONAL HYGIENE

IN ALL COUNTRIES.

Business direct with Washington saves time, money and often the patent.

Patent and Infringement Practice exclusively.

Write or come to us at

10th Street, near United States Patent Office, WASHINGTON, D. C.

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POPULAR MECHANICS

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300 ARTICLES - 300 ILLUSTRATIONS

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McCALL PATTERNS

10¢ AND 15¢

McCALL'S

50¢

YEAR

INCLUDING A FREE PATTERN

McCALL PATTERNS

CELEBRATED FOR STYLE, PERFECT FIT, SIMPLICITY

AND RELIABILITY NEARLY 40 YEARS.

SOLD IN NEARLY 400 CITIES AND TOWNS

AND BY MAIL DIRECT. McCall is the

ROOSEVELT'S FORCE READY FOR FIELD

HAS ENROLLED 187,000 MEN, ALL
HAVE INCOMES OF \$2,000
OR MORE.

New York, May 9.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt has enrolled a list of 187,000 volunteers at the headquarters of the Roosevelt division, 753 Fifth avenue, who are eager to follow him in the war against the Germans. Col. Roosevelt and his aids took up the task of enlisting American citizens who desired quick action on February 2. They have received 300,000 offers of voluntary service since then, but have weeded out almost half because Col. Roosevelt wanted only a special type of volunteer.

He has accepted only such men as are above the conscription age, and have settled incomes of from \$2,000 to \$5,000. Col. Roosevelt is able to offer two completely equipped divisions, including cavalry, infantry, field artillery, engineers, signal corps, motorcycle machine guns, motor transport commissary and subsistence, hospital corps and quartermaster's department.

At his headquarters it was said that Col. Roosevelt had so many offers of assistance from wealthy citizens who were themselves unable to leave that he could place this entire body of men at the disposal of Uncle Sam without the government's expenditure of a cent for equipment. The details of the mobilization have progressed so far that the Roosevelt divisions can be called to the field at once, and the mobilization camp has already been selected. For obvious reasons this cannot be made public.

The Roosevelt headquarters have made public the recruits by divisions from every state. From Kentucky, Col. Roosevelt has signed up one regiment of infantry, mountainers from East Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia, all of whom are sharpshooters, four companies of cavalry and one company of infantry. Indiana has given a regiment and three companies of infantry. Tennessee is said to have contributed three regiments and three companies of infantry, while Ohio is down for a troop of cavalry, three regiments and three companies of infantry.

Business Scholarship.
We have for sale, a scholarship, good for a complete course in either Bookkeeping and Accounting or Stenographers Course in the Owensboro Business & Industrial College. For particulars apply at Republican office.

**FLOCK FLIES TO
MINISTER'S RELIEF**

Maysville, Ky., May 9.—A sensation was created at the First Methodist Episcopal church, South, here when the pastor, the Rev. E. E. Jackson, 20 years old, announced to the congregation that owing to his failure to receive his salary he was in actual want, hardly being able to stand on his feet from lack of proper nourishment. This so astounded his hearers that they forthwith began relieving his wants and by the time the services were over the church looked like a commissary department of the regular army.

**LOOKS TO AMERICA FOR
EVEN GREATER SUPPORT**

London, May 9.—Archibald S. Hurd, the well-known writer on naval subjects, in an article to which the Daily Telegraph gives prominence, earnestly reiterates his plans for energetic ship building to meet the losses caused by the submarine war. He appeals strongly for American help, in addition to the efforts which he declares to be essential here. Mr. Hurd said that something like an impasse seems to have developed ashore while the balance against the Allies' shipping is daily increasing.

"Greater efforts on our part must be undertaken without delay," he says. "It is folly to hope that the Admiralty will discover a complete antidote. The navy is doing all that can be done, but our salvation lies in ships, the building of which must be pressed with the utmost speed if we are to be rescued from a position which conceivably might prove our undoing."

The writer says he speaks with knowledge of the conditions in the ship outlook. He declares that the construction now is at the rate of 4 million tons a year, but that if the country is not to be driven into a corner the output must be trebled and three million tons completed within the next twelve months. The organization for this exists, he adds, but it is waiting for men and material.

"It would make all the difference, if some of the American's millions of skilled and semi-skilled workers could be shipped over here and others employed in America upon Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kerrick, survive.

ship building to the limit of the existing plants," he continues.

"It would also be invaluable," says Mr. Hurd, "if by economies in non-essential manufactures America could send an additional million tons of steel to this country in the next six months. * * * If the Allies' cause is to be assured beyond peradventure, we must look across the Atlantic for even greater support than has yet been promised. We have no doubt that the Americans will select the most swift and effective way of insuring that the enemy shall not reap the fruits of piracy."

GO TO SUNDAY SCHOOL

About One-fifth of Population Attended S. S.

There have been returns received from 25 Sunday Schools throughout the County, of attendance on last Sunday, these are, as one would readily imagine from the larger ones, where more interest was manifested.

The returns from the 25 schools reporting shows an attendance of 2,521, or approximately 101 for each S. S.

There are about 70 schools within the County not reporting, a very conservative estimate would be an average of about 40, which would give a total of 2,800, added to the 2,521 makes a total for the entire County of 5,321. This is not so bad, compared with the remainder of the County, yet less than one out of every five attended. The total population of the County being, as per last census, 27,642.

The Baptist S. S. of Beaver Dam, with an attendance of 310 was the largest, the next in point of attendance was at the Methodist Church, Hartford, with an attendance of 265. Beaver Dam combined also led with a total for all Churches, White and Colored, 795. Beaver Dam reported 260 Colored in S. S. and Hartford 113.

For Sale.

Work horses, Harness horses, Saddle horses or any kind of horse you may need, call on W. E. Ellis, Hartford, and he will satisfy you both in quality and price.

MARKET REPORTS.

Following are the Louisville market reports, as given yesterday:

Cattle.—Receipts, 94 head, prime export steers, \$10.75 to \$11.50. Light shipping steers, \$9.00, \$9.75. Butcher Steers, \$7.00 to \$10.00. Calves, \$5.20 to \$6.25.

Hogs.—Active and 15c up. Best hogs, 165 lbs. and up, \$15.50, 120 to 165, \$14.15. Pigs \$10.00 to \$11.25. Roughs \$14.36 and down.

Calves.—Best veals, 10 @ 10 1/2c.

Sheep.—Best fat sheep 9c to 10 1/2c. Bucks 9c down. Wool sheep higher. Best fall lambs 14 1/2c to 15c.

Record prices are ruling for practically all staples, and in some cases are more than double those of a year ago. A comparison of the wholesale prices of some of the principal staples in the local market with a year ago follow:

	Present	Year
	ent.	Ago.
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu.	\$3.09	\$1.20
Bacon, breakfast, lb.	35	20
Can. No. 2 white, bu.	1.73	80
Oats, No. 2 white, bu.	73	47
Bran, ton	45.00	26.00
Wheat, feed	47.00	27.50
Cornmeal, 100 lbs.	3.99	1.70
Hominy and pearl meal, 100 lbs.	4.60	1.80
Hominy meal, ton	.57.00	28.50
Cracked corn, ton	.62.50	31.50
Flour, winter pat, bbl.	15.50	7.00
Creamery butter, lb.	40	25
Eggs, doz.	31	20
Hens, lb.	20	15
Geese, lb.	10	9.9
Ducks, lb.	16	12
Bacon, breakfast, lb.	35	20
Bacon, lb.	25	18
Lard, lb.	23 1/2	12.50
Dried beef, lb.	30	22

EXAMINATIONS FOR ARMY OFFICERS ON

The following card has been handed as with request for publication: Examinations are now being held at Bowling Green, Ky., for those who desire to take the examination to become members of the Officers Reserve Corps, the men who will officer the new army to be raised. All candidates must be between the ages of 20 years and nine months and 44 years of good moral character and good schooling or general education. Each should be examined by his Physician before reporting to the Examining Board.

JOHN R. STARKEY,
Capt. 6th, Arty.

Found Dead In Field.

Elizabethtown, Ky., May 8.—Along Kerrick, 37 years old, was found dead in his field near Elizabethtown, to-day. Heart disease was the cause.

It would make all the difference, if some of the American's millions of skilled and semi-skilled workers could be shipped over here and others employed in America upon Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kerrick, survive.

BEGIN SAVING EARLY.

Then You Can Pay Your Own Annuity When You Are Old.

An agent of one of the big insurance companies sends me this about annuities:

"A man aged forty can deposit with us \$5,925.50 and receive \$350 annually for his lifetime. A woman aged sixty-five on a deposit of \$6,000 can receive \$600 a year.

"The man's expectation of life is twenty-eight years, the woman's at least eleven."

Now, \$350 is 5.9 per cent of \$5,925.50, and \$600 is 10 per cent of \$6,000. Any company which could make as much as 6 per cent could pay \$350 a year indefinitely, and when the annuitant receiver died his original deposit would be intact. The company assumes that not more than 3 per cent can be made on money deposited with it. That explains why only 5.9 per cent is paid annually.

In theory part of the original deposit is taken annually to supplement interest earnings. If the annuitant lives his expected term of life the principal and interest at 3 per cent will have been paid to him.

Over a long period of years it is difficult to keep money safely employed and earning over 3 per cent. In times like these it is hard to picture the years when capital is a drug on every market and millions are seeking investment in sound bonds at 4 per cent and under. Yet those years will come.

Every one his own annuity payer—that would be the ideal condition. Begin to save and invest early in your earning life, and when the time arrives to withdraw from the battle you will have both the resources and sufficient knowledge of how to invest them to make it unnecessary to accept the insurance company's offer.—John M. Oskison in Chicago News.

TRAPPING A SUBMARINE.

The Wire Rope Net That Catches and Drowns the Vessel.

A submarine net is made of wire rope about as thick as a lead pencil, and the meshes are of great size—about ten or fifteen feet square. The net has floats on top that keep bobbing up and down like the boat on a fishline, and on the bottom are weights that keep the whole thing in a perpendicular position.

The submarine cannot submerge to very great depths on account of the pressure, 200 feet being about the limiting depth. It sinks innocently along, therefore, until it pushes its nose into these meshes. The net now trails along on both sides of the submarine, its progress revealing the fact that something below is supplying the motive power.

Perhaps the net suddenly stops. That means that the hidden submarine has stopped, its navigators having made the horrible discovery that they are trapped, or perhaps the net has become twisted in the propeller. Under these conditions the wise submarine rises to the surface. It surrenders, becomes the property of the enemy, and its crew are made prisoners.

If it does not take such action one of two things will happen. The enemy will wait upon the surface until the submersible comes up, or if it starts moving the enemy will follow until the inevitable uprising. But perhaps the surface commander gets impatient. In such a case he can let a bomb down into the water, which will explode when it touches the roof of the submarine. Of course the submerged submarine knows that this bomb is likely to drop at any minute. The psychology of such a situation tends to persuade the impounded crew to surrender.—World's Work.

High Cost of Artillery.

Always a costly arm, field artillery is more so now than ever, due to the complicated engines it uses. The equipment alone, exclusive of men and horses, for the artillery of a corps in our army reaches a cost of more than \$12,000,000, its visible supply of ammunition twice that amount. For an army of a million men the cost is more than \$120,000,000, that of ammunition more than \$240,000,000.—Major E. D. Scott in National Service Magazine.

When Drink Is at the Bottom.

"In a large proportion of cases," says a contemporary, "drink is found to lie at the bottom of the trouble when accidents to lay riders occur." Quite so, and at the bottom is the man outside of the drinks, while on top oftentimes is a couple of tons of twisted metal, some combustible phosphating, a tank of gasoline with a broken feed line and a live spark.—Louisville Courier Journal.

Not an Insult.

"Did you call that contemporary a lowbrow and a houndhead?"

"Yes, I did," answered Senator Borghman.

"He resents the insult."

"That was no insult. That was a diagnosis."—Washington Star.

The Dull Man.

The dull man has no imagination. He does not possess the faculty of putting himself in the other man's place. Therefore he is certain to blunder, to be unjust and to be cruel. He cannot be charitable.—Arnold Bennett in Woman's Home Companion.

No Change.

Patience—Isn't it remarkable how she keeps her age? Patience—Yes; she hasn't changed it in ten years—You're Statesman.

It is easy to poke another man's fire.

—Danish.

TAFFY.

Measles are raging in this community.

Farmers are very busy putting out a crop.

Messrs Ira D. and J. E. Funk had an "old time log rolling" last Tuesday. Forty three men were present and several women and children.

Dr. Stewart of Dundee was here to-day to see the baby of Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Gray, who is very ill with measles.

Miss Susie Raymond spent last week with her sister Mrs. Ira D. Funk.

Roscoe Baird spent Friday with his parents near Shinkle Chapel.

Mr. Dode Taylor has purchased a five passenger auto.

Mr. Ira D. Funk made a business trip to Sunnydale to-day.

Mr. Everett Shafer of Centertown spent Saturday night and Sunday with friends and relatives at this place.

ONLY 24 ENGLISH SHIPS SUNK DURING PAST WEEK

London, May 9.—Twenty-four British merchant vessels of more than 1,600 tons each were sunk during the last week, it was announced officially. Twenty-two vessels of less than 1,600 tons and sixteen fishing vessels also were sunk.

The official statement says:

"Vessels of all nationalities, arrived 2,375, sailings 2,499.

"British merchantmen over 1,600 tons sunk, including five not reported previously, twenty-four; under 1,600 tons, twenty-two.

"British merchantmen unsuccessfully attacked, including six previously not reported, thirty-four.

"British fishers sunk, including one not previously reported and thirteen sailors, sixteen."

The Pocket Stage.

It may fairly be claimed that humanity has within the past hundred years found a way of carrying a theater in its pocket, and so long as humanity remains what it is it will delight in taking out its pocket stage and watching the antics of the actors, who are so like itself and yet so much more interesting. Perhaps that is, after all, the best answer to the question, "What is a novel?" It is, or ought to be, a pocket stage. Scenery, light, shade, the actors themselves, are made of words and nothing but words, more or less elegantly put together.—F. Marion Crawford.

Crows and Crops.

The biological survey of the department of agriculture has investigated the relation of crows to man. The essential conclusions are that crows are about equally beneficial and injurious and that they are not so wary and suspicious as not to need legal protection. Lack of this, while not endangering the species, will permit farmers to protect their crops or other property whenever necessary.

Worse Still to Come.

Henderson—What makes you so blue? Sanderson—My wife's bread's a failure. Henderson—Is that all? Sanderson—Ah? No; something worse is coming. Henderson—What? Sanderson—A week's ordeal of bread pudding.—Puck.

Then Ma Sent Willie to Bed.

"Pa, what is a filibuster?"

"A filibuster is an attempt to talk a plan of action to death, my boy."

"I